1(a)	64	B1	accept 4 <sup>3</sup>		
	Additional Guidance				
	4 <sup>3</sup> and incorrect value given				
	eg 4 <sup>3</sup> = 32			В0	

Q	Answer	Mark	Comments		
2	(8th term =) 2 <sup>8</sup> or 256	M1	oe may be implied		
	Common difference of A indicated as 3	M1	may be implied eg $3n \dots$ or $\dots + 3(n-1)$		
	3n + 10 = their 256 or	oe equation eg 13 + 3(n - 1 dep on 2nd M1		) = 28	
	(their 256 – 10) ÷ 3 or	M1dep	their 256 may be any number and may be in index form		
	(their 256 – 13) ÷ 3 or 81				
	82	A1			
	Additional Guidance				
	n + 3 implies 2nd M1				
	Do not award M1 for 256 if it is in a list of powers of 2 unless it is indicated or it is the highest power evaluated				
	Common difference of 3 may be shown on the progression for the 2nd M1				
	10, (13, 16, 19, 22), 25 without common difference of 3 shown does not imply 2nd M1				
	82 from trial and improvement			M3A1	
	Embedded answer $3 \times 82 + 10 = 256$			M3A0	
	$3n + 10 = 256$ or $3n + 10 = 2^8$ or $3n = 246$			M1M1M1	
	3n - 10 = 256			M1M1M0	
	3n + 10 = 16 (2 <sup>8</sup> not seen)			M0M1M1	
	$3n + 6 = 2^8$			M1M1M0	
	$256 - 22 = 234$ , $234 \div 3$ (indicating common difference of 3)			M1M1M0	
	3n - 8 = 128 (2 <sup>8</sup> not seen)			M0M1M0	